Preventive Medicine 126 (2019) 105728

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Preventive Medicine

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/ypmed

Corrigendum

Corrigendum to "Estimates of the current and future burden of melanoma attributable to ultraviolet radiation in Canada" [Prev. Med. 122 (2019) 81–90]

Dylan E. O'Sullivan[a], Darren R. Brenner[b,c], Paul J. Villeneuve[d], Stephen D. Walter[e], Paul A. Demers[f], Christine M. Friedenreich[b,c], Will D. King[a,*], on behalf of the ComPARe Study Team

[a] Department of Public Health Sciences, Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario, Canada
[b] Department of Cancer Epidemiology and Prevention Research, Cancer Control Alberta, Alberta Health Services, Calgary, Alberta, Canada
[c] Departments of Oncology and Community Health Sciences, Cumming School of Medicine, University of Calgary, Calgary, Alberta, Canada
[d] Department of Health Sciences, Carleton University, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada
[e] Department of Health Research Methods, Evidence, and Impact, McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada
[f] Occupational Cancer Research Centre, Toronto, Ontario, Canada

The authors regret that in the third paragraph on page 87, the text should read 'By reducing the prevalence of indoor tanning, adulthood sunburn, and intentional sunbathing by 50%, **11,980** cases of melanoma could be prevented by 2042.' The original text erroneously states 12,089. The authors would like to apologise for any inconvenience caused.

DOI of original article: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ypmed.2019.03.012
* Corresponding author at: Department of Public Health Sciences, Queen's University, Carruthers Hall, 62 Fifth Field Company Lane 2nd floor, Kingston, Ontario K7L 3N6, Canada.
E-mail address: kingw@queensu.ca (W.D. King).

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ypmed.2019.05.016

Available online 18 June 2019