members of this multi-disciplinary team is necessary to ensure every surgical patient at the Main Campus of the Cleveland Clinic is provided with individualized, safe, and high quality care.

**STANDARDIZING HANDOFF FROM OR TO PACU**

**Team Leader:** Christine Zoet Cajigal, BSN RN
CMSRN CPAN
Cedars Sinai Medical Center, Los Angeles, California

**Team Members:** Rowena Cabunoc, RN CCRN, Lini Thomas, MSN RN CCRN CNRN, Joanna Pasion, BSN RN CMSRN

**Background Information:** According to the Joint Commission, two-thirds of sentinel events occur from communication errors during patient handoff. Studies show that handoffs in the Post Anesthesia Care Unit (PACU) are prone to communication errors that correlate to suboptimal patient care. A pre-survey completed on PACU Registered Nurses (RNs) perceptions on the Operating Room (OR)-PACU handoff revealed multiple distractions during the process.

**Objectives of Project:** Does implementation of a standardized OR-PACU handoff improve efficiency and decrease RN’s perception of being rushed through the handoff process?

**Process of Implementation:** A video on the standardized handoff process was made with the collaboration of PACU/ OR RNs and the anesthesiologists. The video was shared with the nurses from PACU, OR and the anesthesiologists. After staff viewed the “handoff video”, to help reinforce the new process, the nurses from PACU, OR and the anesthesiologists. The video was shared with the PACU and medical/surgical unit has dramatically improved. PACU and medical/surgical nursing teams verbalize their satisfaction with this process and it has been fully integrated into their workflow as a best practice.

**Statement of Successful Practice:** 68% of PACU RNs agreed on receiving a complete report from the anesthesiologist, while 95% agreed on receiving a complete report from OR RNs. 84% PACU RNs agreed that intraoperative events or concerns were shared in the handoff. 26% of the PACU nurses agreed that they were given enough time to connect the patient to the monitor. Barriers identified included, the doctors not acknowledging the RN’s request to wait to provide a handoff; and different nurses and anesthesiologists floating to the unit were unaware of the project. To improve compliance, the PACU nurses recommended OR RNs and anesthesiologists to implement the new handoff process.

**Implications for Advancing the Practice of Peri anesthesia Nursing:** In the post-implementation phase, the OR team continued to give their handoff while the PACU nurse was focused on getting the patient settled in. Despite the outcome, nurses agreed that the project was a good initiative and recommended the need for proper buy-in from OR RNs and anesthesiologists. The project was shared with anesthesia and OR leadership to reinforce the standardized process with OR RNs.

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**BEDSIDE HANDOFF REPORT TO IMPROVE COMMUNICATION: PACU AND RECEIVING MEDICAL/SURGICAL UNIT**

**Team Leader:** Michele Popik, BSN RN
Cleveland Clinic Marymount Hospital, Garfield Heights, Ohio

**Team Members:** Patricia Fritzsche, BSN RN CAPA, Michele Hurless, BSN RN

**Background Information:** In 2016, when a surgical patient met PACU discharge criteria and was ready for transport to the medical/surgical nursing unit, the PACU nurses provided handoff report via phone call to the receiving nurse. The PACU nurses spent time away from the bedside to wait for the receiving nurses to answer calls while the medical/surgical nursing staff experienced repeated interruptions. This resulted in delays in transport, conflicts among caregivers, and risks to patient safety.

**Objectives of Project:** The purpose of this project was to promote teambuilding and improve the patient experience while engaging patients and caregivers in the handoff communication process during the postoperative phase of care.

**Process of Implementation:** PACU and medical/surgical nurses utilized a handoff communication tool. Compliance is tracked and reported monthly in Performance Improvement Manager (PIM). Goal is greater than or equal to 90%.

**Statement of Successful Practice:** PACU nurses’ compliance with bedside handoff report has consistently achieved the target of 90% since implementation in 2017. PACU and medical/surgical nursing teams verbalize their satisfaction with this process and it has been fully integrated into their workflow as a best practice.

**Implications for Advancing the Practice of Peri anesthesia Nursing:** The practice of bedside or face to face handoff report serves as method to improve patient and caregiver satisfaction while promoting patient safety with the postoperative patient. Communication between PACU and the medical/surgical unit has dramatically improved. PACU and medical/surgical nurses report enhanced professional relationships with their peers.

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**POST-OPERATIVE PHONE CALLS: DOES IT MAKE A DIFFERENCE TO PATIENTS?**

**Team Leader:** Juanita Baroya, MSN-Ph RN CPAN
Mercy Medical Center, Baltimore, Maryland

**Team Members:** Tonya Hoffman, MSN RN CNL, Connie Mackowiak, BSN RN, Kristine O’Neill, BSN RN CPAN, Nurse Manager

**Background Information:** In PACU the following criteria reported by HCAHPS were monitored: 1. Patient Advocacy (Likelihood to recommend) 2. Staff doing everything to help with pain 3. Clear Communication by patient care staff. HCAHPS rating showed a decline in the above criteria in spite of other improvement initiatives.

**Objectives of Project:** To develop/redesign a structure and process to improve patient outcome in the above 3 parameters by the implementation of post-operative phone calls.

**Process of Implementation:** Previous problems associated with post-operative phone calls were assessed. A community
search and literature review was completed. A team was created composed of educator, bedside nurses and unit manager to discuss the guidelines and best practices in successfully implementing the post-operative phone calls. For tracking purposes a call sheet was developed and the staff was educated using various methods. The staff was also encouraged to provide feedback/recommendations to provide consistent care and improve outcomes.

Statement of Successful Practice: Targeted goal was to increase pre and post HCAHPS 5% on patient satisfaction rates on:
1. Patient Advocacy (Likelihood to recommend)
2. Staff doing everything to help with pain
3. Clear Communication by patient care staff.

The implementation of post-operative phone calls improved patient satisfaction in the following categories:
1. Patient Advocacy -26.1% increase in percentile ranking
2. Staff doing everything to help with pain - 1.6% increase in percentile ranking
3. Clear Communication by patient care staff -57% increase in percentile ranking

Implications for Advancing the Practice of Peri-anesthesia Nursing: Patient satisfaction is critical to hospital value base programs, in the PACU post-operative phone calls have shown to be a meaningful initiative in the effort to improve patient satisfaction that should be implemented and sustained.

PACU CONSTRUCTION SURVIVOR
Team Leader: Kate Horner, BSN RN CPAN
Cleveland Clinic, Cleveland, Ohio
Team Members: Erica Stefanik, MSN RN CPAN,
Jacqueline Bates, MSN BA RN CMSRN NE-BC

Background Information: Our Main 29 bed PACU unit needed to embark on a major yearlong renovation. Knowing that change was a major contributor to workplace stress, we developed a plan to try and decrease the impact of renovation on our frontline nursing staff.

Objectives of Project: The objectives of the project were to:
- Involve the nursing staff in the planning phases.
- Keep the staff informed of the progress of the project.
- Minimize stress to frontline nursing staff.
- Minimal disruption in patient care delivery.

Process of Implementation: We began the process by seeking input from the nursing staff once preliminary plans were drawn up. As the date drew near to start of the project we kept the staff updated on plans through staff meetings, in person updates and emails. We knew we would need to be creative to keep the staff upbeat through such a long renovation project. Thus began “PACU Construction Survivor”. It was a take on the reality TV program of the same name. All sixty nurses that were on staff at the beginning of renovation project were entered into the contest. One nurse’s name was eliminated each week from the “Construction Zone”. The last four “Survivor’s” had the choice of an extra day off, one less call, etc. As we completed each phase of the project we had additional activities, such as PACU Survivor Word Search puzzles. Healthy treats were distributed to thank the nursing staff for their commitment to delivering quality care to our patients while their work environment was disrupted.

Statement of Successful Practice: In order to outwit, outplay and outlast a long renovation project the nursing leadership needs to provide a supportive environment for their staff. We were able to retain our staff during this process as well as gain a few more “Survivor’s” along the way.

Implications for Advancing the Practice of Peri-anesthesia Nursing: As health care facilities adapt to meet technologic advances and regulatory requirements they must not forget their most important asset, its frontline staff. By acknowledging the challenges a major renovation can cause and providing conventional supports as well as thinking creatively, the team can become more resilient and organizations can retain their staff.

IMPROVED PERIOPERATIVE HANDOFF THROUGH INFORMATICS
Team Leaders: Vicki Byas, MSN RN, Cassandra Pryor, RN
UChicago Medicine, Chicago, Illinois
Team Member: Laura Martinez, MSN RN

Background Information: Handoff communication is Joint Commission National Patient Safety Goal which went into effect in 2006. Ineffective communication between healthcare providers can lead to sentinel events and may be the primary reason for errors in healthcare (Nether, 2017). In our perioperative area we use the electronic medical record (EMR). “Using an embedded EMR report for handoff can improve communication by ensuring all care Team Members have access to the most up-to-date information.”

Objectives of Project: Our objective was to identify a seamless electronic way to use the EMR for a proper handoff. This report can be used for handoff through the patient’s visit in the perioperative setting, which begins up the patient’s arrival.

Process of Implementation: Input from pre-operative, operating room, anesthesia, and the post-anesthesia care unit staff was reviewed to identify the critical elements for handoff in the perioperative setting. Intraoperative information is often recalled from memory leading to omission of critical data or incomplete information during the patient handoff. Upon reviewing the literature, we find that many of the reasons for missing information is that information is illegible on paper documentation. We consulted the nursing informaticists to determine if we would be able to use a pre-existing report template or if possibly needed to create one. Using the critical elements previously identified, we formulated the template. We then asked for feedback at our unit based council meetings with the staff. Once we agreed on the template, we rolled it out in our area and are currently evaluating its effectiveness.

Statement of Successful Practice: A handoff tool was developed that is comprised of the critical elements previously

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