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Re: “Comparison between flapless and open-flap implant placement: a systematic review and meta-analysis”

We read with great interest the article “Comparison between flapless and open-flap implant placement: a systematic review and meta-analysis” by Lemos et al., published in the April 2018 edition of the journal¹. The review aimed to assess the difference between two techniques of implant placement using data extracted from several studies. However it appears that there may have been some inaccuracy in the data extraction.

The data extracted from the studies included had a direct influence on the forest plots and the Discussion section. The authors stated that two of them mainly worked on the data collection process. However, there are some errors in Table 2: (1) For the study by Bomicke et al. (2017), the authors noted an implant survival rate of 19/19 (100%) in the flap group; however the article by Bomicke et al. states: “3 participants lost to follow-up in 3-year follow-up and 16 participants were analyzed in two-piece implants group”. (2) For the study by Cannizzaro et al. (2011), the authors noted that the mean (standard deviation (SD))

marginal bone loss was 0.43 (0.40) in the flap group and 0.38 (0.42) in the flapless group; however the table in the article by Cannizzaro et al. shows that the data mentioned in the review were used to evaluate the marginal bone level rather than bone loss, and the mean (SD) of marginal bone loss was 0.33 (0.50) in the flap group and 0.24 (0.29) in the flapless group. (3) For the study by Van de Velde et al. (2010), the authors noted that the mean (SD) of marginal bone loss was 1.93 (0.42) in the flap group and 1.95 (0.7) in the flapless group; however the table in the article by Van de Velde et al. shows that the data mentioned in the review were used to evaluate the marginal bone level rather than bone loss at the 18-month follow-up, and the mean (SD) marginal bone loss was 0.77 (0.39) in the flap group and 1 (0.58) in the flapless group.

The implant survival rate and marginal bone loss outcomes are important when making decisions regarding the choice of surgical method for implant placement. A meta-analysis is required to be rigorous, and this review with data errors could mislead readers or change opinion on non-conventional methods.

To conclude, the comparison of a variety of surgical methods using an ethical design is needed. Those methods associated with low success rates, multiple complications, etc., will cease to be used, and ultimately the methods of choice will have benefits for both the clinician and the patient.

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Competing interests

The authors declare no conflicts of interest.

Ethical approval

Not required.

Patient consent

Not required.

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Response to the Letter to the Editor on “Comparison between flapless and open-flap implant placement: a systematic review and meta-analysis”

Thank you for giving us the opportunity to reply to the Letter to the Editor in response to our manuscript “Comparison between flapless and open-flap implant placement: a systematic review and meta-analysis”¹. We would like thank the authors of the letter for the time taken and care with which they verified the data tabulated in this work. However, the claims made are refuted in the points described below.

All tabulated data were obtained from the selected studies. We opted to consider the initial data about the patients because not all studies were clear regarding dropouts and/or withdrawals. For the study of Bomicke et al.², we tabulated the data for the patients initially recruited (19 patients, without considering the three patients who dropped out). However, we performed the analysis again taking into consideration the dropouts for the all selected studies that reported this information and found that this minor fact was not relevant to the final analysis as stated by the authors of the letter. Thus, there remained no significant difference in implant survival rate between flapless and open-flap surgery (Fig. 1).

Regarding the marginal bone loss outcome, both studies highlighted by the authors of the letter reported the data tabulated in our manuscript^{3,4}. For these studies we considered the final value of the bone level reported by the authors. The data reported by the letter refer to the difference between the baseline value and that obtained at the last available follow-up. Thus, we performed the analy-

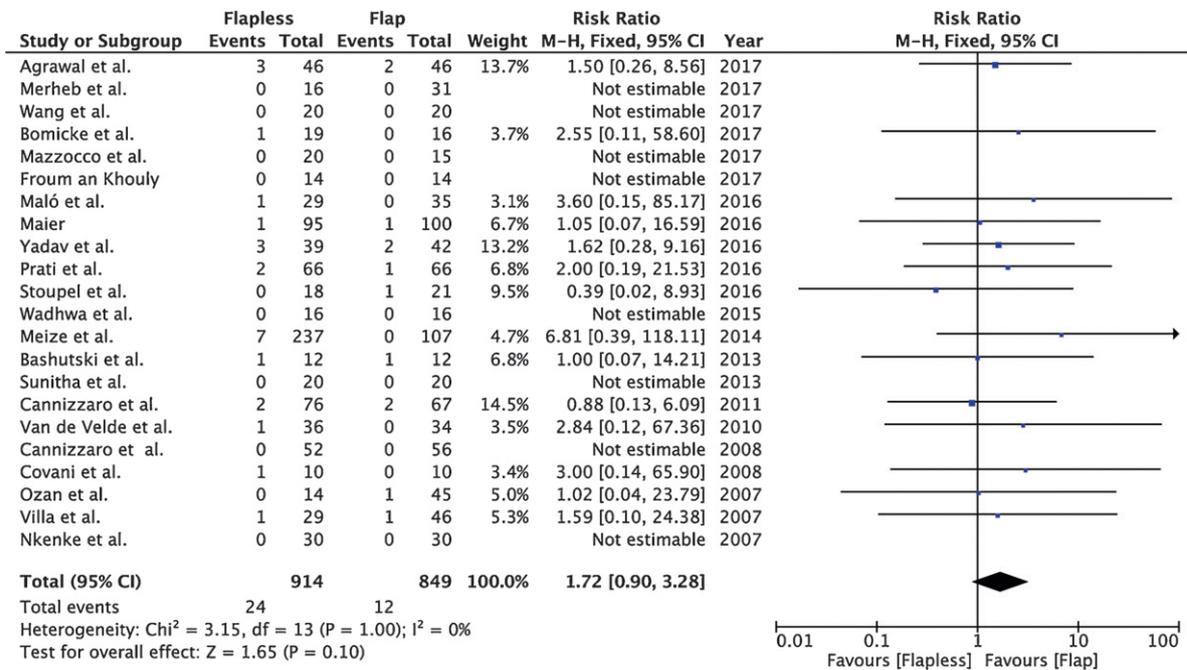


Fig. 1. Forest plot of flapless in comparison with open flap surgery for outcome event implant survival rates considering dropouts and withdrawals reported by the selected studies.

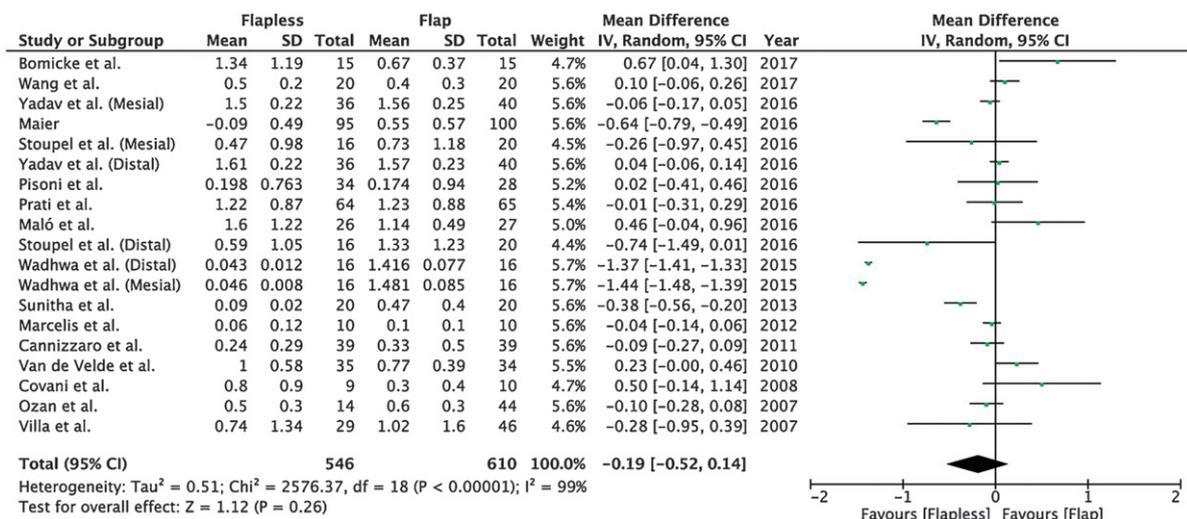


Fig. 2. Forest plot of flapless in comparison with open flap surgery for outcome event marginal bone loss considering dropout and difference between baseline and last available follow-up reported by the selected studies.

sis again based on the difference values (baseline – last available follow-up) and considering dropouts in all included studies. As noted above, these minor changes were also not sufficient to alter the main outcome observed in the meta-analysis of marginal bone loss (Fig. 2).

Thus, this response serves as a corrigendum for the data according to the issues highlighted by the authors of the letter. However, the new data do not change the main results presented in our article¹. So, this letter is a reaffirmation of the overall

evidence and the results reported in our study.

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Competing interests

The authors declare that there was no conflict of interest in the elaboration of this study.

Ethical approval

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Patient consent

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