



Erratum

Retraction notice to “Tea polyphenols enhance cisplatin chemosensitivity in cervical cancer cells via induction of apoptosis” [Life Sci. 93/1 (2013) 7–16]



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Available online < Date >

This article has been retracted: please see Elsevier Policy on Article Withdrawal (<https://www.elsevier.com/about/our-business/policies/article-withdrawal>).

This article has been retracted at the request of the Editor-in-Chief. Multiple figures in this article appear to be falsified/fabricated.

Fig. 2A and C. The representative dot plots from the EGCG (15 µg/ml) + CDDP (10 µg/ml) and TF (15 µg/ml) groups appear to be duplicated.

Figs. 3, 4 and 6. Multiple Western blot bands appear to be rotated and reused throughout Fig. 3(A and B); 4(A and B) and 6(A, B, C). In particular, the Cytochrome-c blot in Fig. 3B is duplicated and flipped in Fig. 6B as p-NFKB. The p53 blot in Fig. 3B is duplicated in Fig. 6C as p-NFKB. The B-actin blot in Fig. 3B is shown as an unmarked control lane (flipped in Fig. 6B). The p53 band in Fig. 3C is very similar to the Caspase 9 blot in Fig. 4B and is cropped and duplicated in Fig. 6A as p-NFKB by cisplatin in SiHa cells. The Caspase 3 blot in Fig. 4A is rotated and flipped and appears in Fig. 6B as p-IKBa.

DOI of original article: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lfs.2013.02.001>

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lfs.2019.116690>

Available online 20 August 2019

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