



Correction to: Endoplasmic Reticulum Stress Plays a Key Role in Rotenone-Induced Apoptotic Death of Neurons

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The original version of this article unfortunately contained a mistake.

The authors observed inadvertent error in Fig. 4c and wish to correct it. In this figure, the two images of 4c, Cont+Sal and Rot0.1 μ M+Sal, have been wrongly presented.

The authors hereby publish the correct Fig. 4.

The online version of the original article can be found at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12035-014-9001-5>

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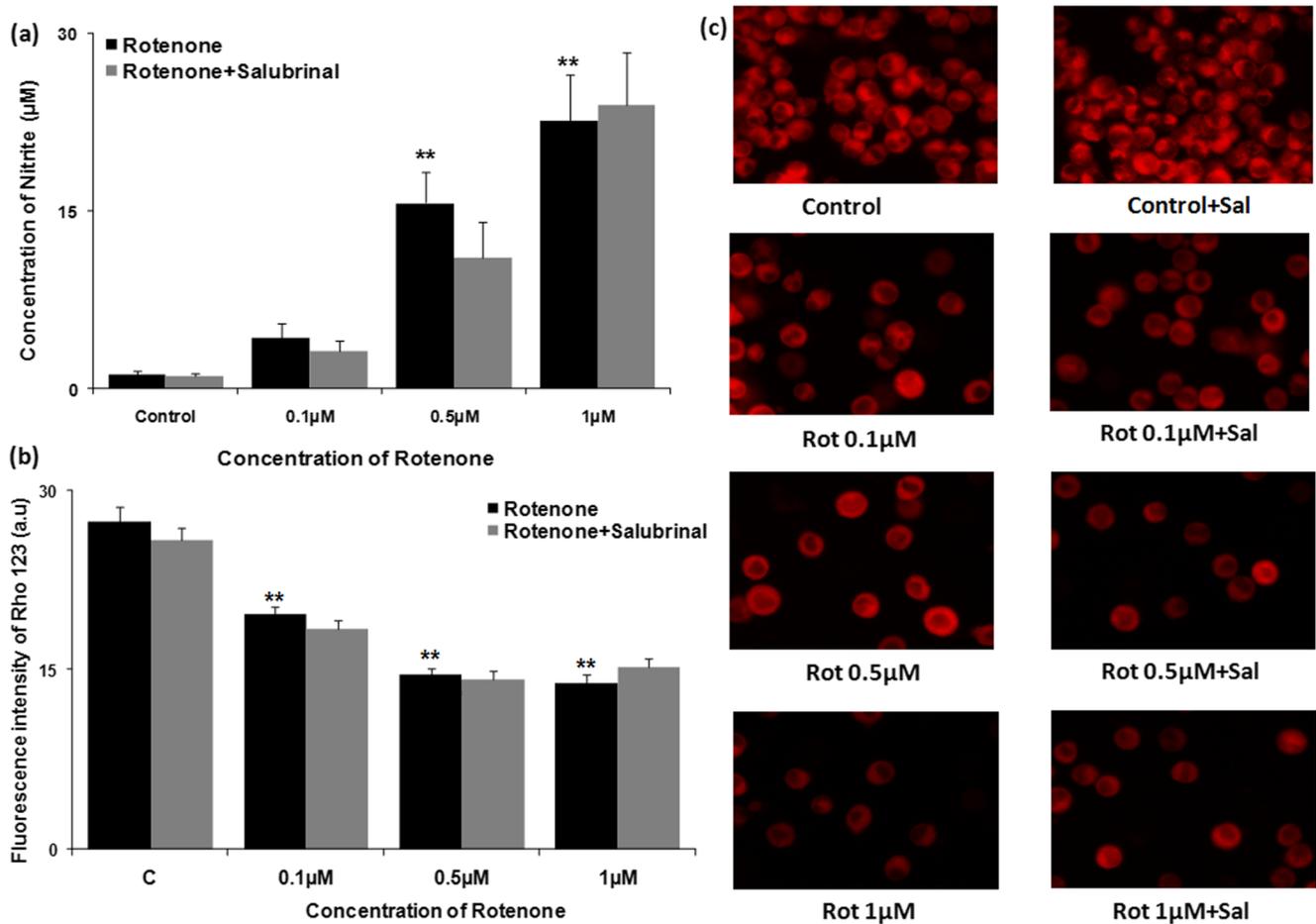


Fig. 4 **a** Graphical representation of nitrite levels after 16 h in rotenone- and rotenone + salubrinal (25 μM)–treated neurons. **b** Rhodamine 123 fluorescence depicting mitochondrial membrane potential after 16 h in rotenone- and rotenone + salubrinal (25 μM)–treated neurons. **c** Pictorial representation of fluorescent images of rhodamine 123 after rotenone

(Rot) and rotenone + salubrinal (Sal 25 μM) treatment. Data are expressed as mean \pm SEM, analyzed by ANOVA post hoc Newman-Keuls multiple comparison test. **= $p < 0.001$ (control vs. rotenone treated)